

SUPPORTED PtRu CATALYSTS FROM A MIXTURE OF PLATINUM AND RUTHENIUM ACETYLACETONATE: CHARACTERIZATION AND ACTIVITY FOR ETHYLENE HYDROGENATION

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Abstract

Supported bimetallic PtRu catalysts were prepared by adsorption of a mixture of Pt(acac)₂ and Ru(acac)₃ (acac = acetylacetone) in toluene, onto γ -Al₂O₃ and MgO and the organic ligands were removed by heat in H₂ flow at 300°C for 2 h. The nature of metal and interaction with each support was studied by temperature-programmed reductive decomposition (TPRD) and infrared (IR) spectroscopy. TPRD data did not indicate any contact between Pt and Ru atoms on both supports after the treatment. Ethylene hydrogenation over PtRu/ γ -Al₂O₃ and PtRu/MgO catalysts were carried out at 1 atm from -50 to -9°C. The temperature dependence of ethylene hydrogenation of PtRu/ γ -Al₂O₃ and PtRu/MgO prepared from acac precursors gave apparent activation energy 8.1 ± 0.1 and 6.0 ± 0.1 kcal/mol, respectively.

Keywords: Pt-Ru, acetylacetone, alumina, magnesium oxide, ethylene hydrogenation